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MASTER OF COMMERCE (M.COM.)
EXAMINATION : MAY - 2016
SECOND SEMESTER
Sub: Monetary Policy (MCB - 212)

Date: 24/05/2016

Total Marks :60

Time: 10.00 am to 12.30 pm

Instructions:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 Answer the following questions. (Attempt any two) (32)

- 1 Explain the qualitative instruments of Monetary policy with its mechanism and effectiveness
- 2 Explain in detail the importance of Monetary policy.
- 3 Explain the various money supply measures of the RBI.
- 4 What is Post - Shipment Finance? Explain in detail.

Q.2 Answer the following. (Attempt any one) (08)

- 1 State the concept of High powered Money.
- 2 State key characteristics of Money Supply.
- 3 Discuss Non - farm Sector.

Q.3 Write short notes. (Attempt any two) (10)

- 1 Price stability
- 2 Role of regional rural bank
- 3 Exim bank
- 4 Bank rate

Q.4 Select the Correct Alternatives (Attempt Any Ten) (10)

1. ----- acts as a circulating medium of exchange.

a. Money Demand	b. Money supply
c. Market	d. Demand and Supply
2. L1 includes -----certificates.

a. Time Liabilities	b. Deposits
c. Liquidity Aggregates	d. Financial Aggregates
3. ----- and -----are the objective of Monetary policy.

a. Price stability and credit control	b. Poverty and National Income
c. Demand and Market stability	d. Price stability and poverty
4. CRR means -----

a. Cash repo rate	b. Cash reserve ratio
c. Credit report rate	d. Credit reserve rate
5. The qualitative methods of credit regulation is known as -----

a. Selective credit control	b. Fixed credit control
c. Variable credit control	d. Effective credit control
6. SFC means -----

a. State finance corporation	b. State fixed company
c. Statutory finance corporation	d. State finance company

7. ERIC means -----
- a. Export risk Indian company
 - b. Economic regulatory Indian corporation
 - c. Export risk insurance corporation
 - d. Economic risk insurance company
8. Term lending loans are given for a long periods ranging from -----
- a. 1 to 10 years
 - b. 10 to 15 years
 - c. 1 to 5 years
 - d. 5 to 10 years
9. Treasury bills are issued for ----- days.
- a. 172
 - b. 182
 - c. 192
 - d. 185
10. The instruments used by central bank to regulate the money supply are classified into ----- and -----methods.
- a. Qualitative and Quantitative
 - b. Selective and fixed
 - c. Qualitative and actual
 - d. Quantitative and variable
11. In view of the economy -----is dangerous.
- a. Poverty
 - b. Unemployment
 - c. Population
 - d. Income
12. -----of India regulates credit supply according to the needs of traders.
- a. RBI
 - b. SBI
 - c. SEBI
 - d. SFCs
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